

Step-by-step guide for the use of the information database

The Information Database on Incentive Measures provides various documents that have been submitted by Parties to the Convention, other governments, and intergovernmental as well as nongovernmental organizations.

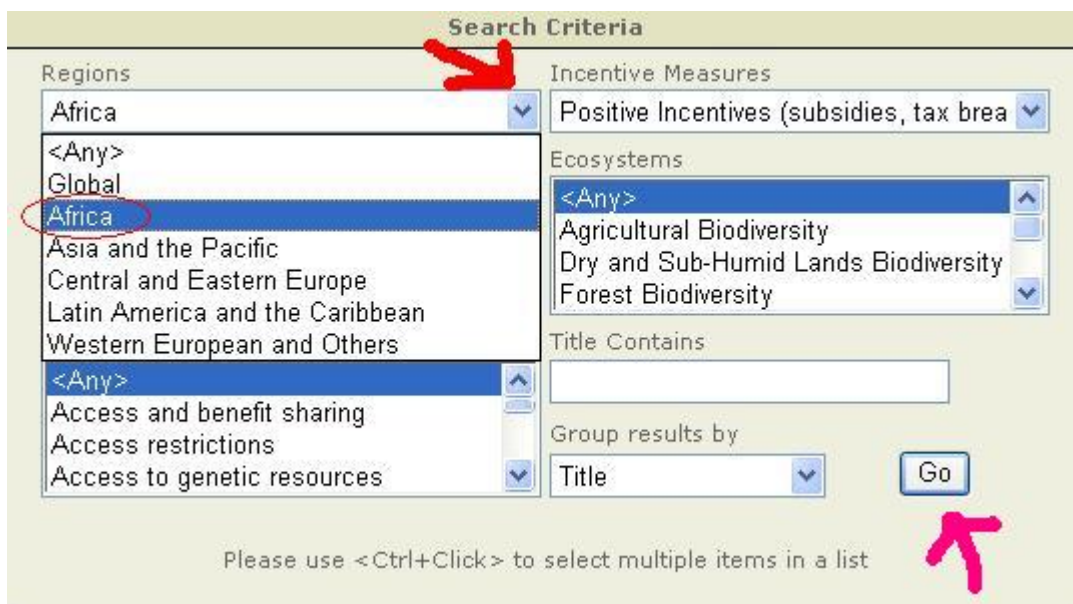
The database includes a number of comprehensive overviews over issues concerning incentive measures and the economic valuation of biodiversity, information submitted by Parties in their national reports, internet links to other useful websites as well as a large collection of case studies from different regions. All entries provide a short description of their content, and, whenever available, a direct link to a document or website. Bibliographical information is provided whenever copyrighted material has been entered.

All entries contain information on the relevant country and region, the incentive measures used and ecosystems concerned. Keywords are assigned that best describe their content.

The database can therefore be searched with various objectives. If you are looking for information from a certain region or country, you would need to select the appropriate item. If you are trying to find information regarding access restrictions or wildlife trade, you can find relevant entries by using the appropriate keywords. The kind of incentive measures used can also be chosen. If you are looking for a specific document, it can be found by entering words contained in the title.

Below are some examples for possible searches:

1: Looking for: Positive incentive measures in Africa.



The screenshot shows a web form titled "Search Criteria" with several dropdown menus and a search button. A red arrow points to the "Regions" dropdown menu, which is currently set to "Africa". A pink arrow points to the "Go" button. The "Incentive Measures" dropdown menu is set to "Positive Incentives (subsidies, tax brea...". The "Ecosystems" dropdown menu is set to "<Any>". The "Title Contains" field is empty. The "Group results by" dropdown menu is set to "Title".

Search Criteria

Regions: Africa (selected), <Any>, Global, Africa (highlighted), Asia and the Pacific, Central and Eastern Europe, Latin America and the Caribbean, Western European and Others, <Any>, Access and benefit sharing, Access restrictions, Access to genetic resources.

Incentive Measures: Positive Incentives (subsidies, tax brea... (selected)

Ecosystems: <Any> (selected), Agricultural Biodiversity, Dry and Sub-Humid Lands Biodiversity, Forest Biodiversity.

Title Contains: [Empty text box]

Group results by: Title (selected)

Go

Please use <Ctrl+Click> to select multiple items in a list

First, click on the arrow pointing down next to the field for "Regions" to drop down a menu. From this select Africa by clicking on it. Repeat the same for the "Incentive

Measures” field, selecting positive incentives. Do not select anything in the other fields, leaving them to show “Any”. Click “Go” to start the search. This will bring up the following results:

Results 1 to 2 of 2 results found

M

1. **Market arrangements between local communities and the private sector in the north-west Serengeti, United Republic of Tanzania**

Countries: United Republic of Tanzania

Regions: Africa

Ecosystems: Dry and Sub-Humid Lands Biodiversity, Forest Biodiversity

Incentives: Indirect Incentives (property rights, market creation), Positive Incentives (subsidies, tax breaks, ...), Regulations / Access Restrictions

W

2. **Wildlife use rights in Zimbabwe: CAMPFIRE**

Countries: Zimbabwe

Regions: Africa

Ecosystems: Agricultural Biodiversity, Dry and Sub-Humid Lands Biodiversity, Forest Biodiversity

Incentives: Indirect Incentives (property rights, market creation), Positive Incentives (subsidies, tax breaks, ...)

You can then click on the title of one of the results to bring up further information on this entry. Here the first result was chosen.

Submission	
ID	5471
Submitting Entity	IUCN
Submitted for	Fifth Ordinary Meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (COP-5)

Main Information	
Title	Market arrangements between local communities and the private sector in the north-west Serengeti, United Republic of Tanzania
Description	The Serengeti ecosystem forms one of the most important wildlife areas in eastern Africa, both in terms of conservation and tourism. A series of effective community economic incentives for wildlife conservation have resulted from the development of a new range of markets for wildlife products and services, largely driven by private-sector demand and the dependence of commercial tour-operators on community compliance in wildlife conservation. These include: (a) Revenue-sharing by tourist hunters; (b) Local sourcing of products; (c) Community wildlife-cropping; (d) Land-leases and joint tourism enterprises.
Web Link	/doc/meetings/cop/cop-05/information/cop-05-inf-14-en.pdf

Additional Information	
Countries	United Republic of Tanzania
Ecosystems	Dry and Sub-Humid Lands Biodiversity

This page displays further information on the selected entry, including a short description. In many cases it also contains a link to a document, as marked above. This can be downloaded and read. Documents are mostly available in PDF format, requiring Adobe Reader, which can be downloaded from the [Adobe Site](#).

2: Looking for: Entries dealing with agricultural biodiversity or mountain biodiversity

Search Criteria	
Regions <Any>	Incentive Measures <Any>
Countries <Any> Australia Austria Botswana	Ecosystems <Any> Agricultural Biodiversity Dry and Sub-Humid Lands Biodiversity Forest Biodiversity
Keywords <Any> Access and benefit sharing Access restrictions Access to genetic resources	Title Contains
	Group results by Title
Go	
Please use <Ctrl+Click> to select multiple items in a list	

Select agricultural biodiversity in the “Ecosystems” field by clicking on it. Then use the indicated control to scroll down to find the entry for mountain biodiversity.

The screenshot shows a web form titled "Search Criteria" with several dropdown menus and a search button. The "Regions" dropdown is set to "<Any>". The "Incentive Measures" dropdown is also set to "<Any>". The "Countries" dropdown is open, showing a list with "<Any>" selected at the top, followed by "Australia", "Austria", and "Botswana". The "Ecosystems" dropdown is also open, showing a list with "Island Biodiversity", "Marine and Coastal Biodiversity", "Mountain Biodiversity" (which is highlighted with a blue background and circled in red), and "Polar Biodiversity". The "Keywords" dropdown is set to "<Any>". The "Title Contains" field is empty. The "Group results by" dropdown is set to "Title". A red arrow points to the "Go" button. At the bottom of the form, there is a note: "Please use <Ctrl+Click> to select multiple items in a list".

Now press and hold the Control (Ctrl) Key on your keyboard, and click on mountain biodiversity. This will select the ecosystem in addition to the previously selected one. Then click on “Go” to find results. From there the procedure explained above applies.

If a combination of search options used does not bring up any results, try widening your search, e.g. by selecting “Any” in more of the fields, or by selecting more different ecosystems or countries.

If you have any questions regarding the use of the database, feel free to contact Gordana.Dosen@biodiv.org.
